## Government PG College, Ambala Cantt <u>Course File(Session 2023-24)</u> <u>Name of Professor: Dr. Poonam Dhiman</u> <u>Class: BCA-II/4<sup>th</sup> Semester/ SECTION: A and B</u> <u>Subject code and Name: BCA – 244 RELATIONAL DATABASE</u> <u>MANAGEMENT SYSTEM</u>

#### **SYLLABUS**

Maximum Marks: 100

**Minimum Pass Marks: 35** 

External: 80 Internal: 20

#### Time: 3 hours

**Note:** Examiner will be required to set Nine Questions in all. First Question will be compulsory, consisting of objective type/short-answer type questions covering the entire syllabus. In addition to that eight more questions will be set, two questions from each Unit. A candidate will be required to answer five questions in all, selecting one question from each unit in addition to compulsory Question No. 1. All questions will carry equal marks.

#### <u>UNIT – I</u>

Relational Model Concepts, Codd's Rules for Relational Model, Relational Algebra:-Selection and Projection, Set Operation, Renaming, Join and Division, Relational Calculus: Tuple Relational Calculus and Domain Relational Calculus.

#### <u>UNIT – II</u>

Functional Dependencies and Normalization:-Purpose, Data Redundancy and Update Anomalies, Functional Dependencies:-Full Functional Dependencies and Transitive Functional Dependencies, Characteristics of Functional Dependencies, Decomposition and Normal Forms (1NF, 2NF, 3NF & BCNF).

#### <u>UNIT – III</u>

SQL: Data Definition and data types, SQL Operators, Specifying Constraints in SQL, Basic DDL, DML and DCL commands in SQL, Simple Queries, Nested Queries, Tables, Views, Indexes, Aggregate Functions, Clauses

#### <u>UNIT – IV</u>

PL/SQL architecture, PL/SQL and SQL\*Plus, PL/SQL Basics, Advantages of PL/SQL, The Generic PL/SQL Block: PL/SQL Execution Environment, PL/SQL Character set and Data Types, Control Structure in PL/SQL, Cursors in PL/SQL, Triggers in PL/SQL, Programming using PL/SQL.

### TEXT BOOKS:

1. Elmasri & Navathe, "Fundamentals of Database Systems", 5thedition, Pearson Education.

2. Ivan Bayross, "SQL, PL/SQL-The Programming Language of ORACLE", BPB Publications 3<sup>rd</sup> edition.

## **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. C. J. Date, "An Introduction to Database Systems", 8<sup>th</sup> edition,Addison Wesley N. Delhi.
- 2. Oracle 8 PL/SQL programming Scott Urman
- 3. A Guide to the SQL Standard, Data,C. and Darwen, H.3<sup>rd</sup> Edition,Reading, MA:1994, Addison-Wesley Publications, New Delhi.

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES**

The course objectives outlined are as follows:

- Understand Relational Database Systems Management Systems: Understand Relational Database System Applications, Purpose of Relational Database Systems, Applying the Relational Model Concepts, Codd's Rules for Relational Model, Compute the Relational Algebra
- Applying the Concept of Normalization: To develop conceptual understanding of database management system, to understand how a real world problem can be mapped to schemas, to solve different industry level problems & to learn its applications
- Demonstrating SQL Language: Enable students to Understand Data base design, Bascs of SQL and data types, Understand Beyond DDL, DML, DCL and TCL, Demonstrate Additional features of SQL functions, operators, and views
- Understand Basics PL/SQL: The RDBMS typically provides data dictionaries and metadata collections that are useful in data handling. These programmatically support well-defined data structures and relationships. Data storage management is a common capability of the RDBMS, and this has come to be defined by data objects that range from binary large object -- or blob -- strings to stored procedures

The objective of the course is to present an introduction to database management systems, with an emphasis on how to organize, maintain and retrieve - efficiently, and effectively - information from a RDBMS.

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES**

After the successful completion of the course, students will be able:

- To understand the different issues involved in the design and implementation of a database system. To study the physical and logical database designs, database modeling, relational, hierarchical, and network models, relational algebra.
- *Apply* relational database theory and be able to *describe* relational algebra expression, tuple and domain relation expression from queries. *Recognize* and *identify* the use of normalization and functional dependency.
- Develop a clear understanding of the conceptual frameworks and definitions of specific terms that are integral to the Relational Database Management Systems. Demonstrate an understanding of the elementary & advanced features of DBMS & RDBMS.
- Able to develop structured query language (SQL) queries to create, read, update, and delete relational database data as well as advance knowledge of pl/sql language.
- To design and build a simple database system and demonstrate competence with the fundamental tasks involved with modeling, designing, and implementing a RDBMS.

# Lesson Plan

Week No	Scheduled Dates	Topics to be covered
1	1-6 January	Relational Model Concepts, Codd's Rules for Relational model Hierarchical Data Model–Introduction;
2	8-13 January	Features, Components, Example, Network Data Model– Introduction, Features, Components, Example, Differences between Hierarchical Data Model and Network Data Model;
3	15-20 January	Comparison of Relational Data Model with Hierarchical Data Model and Network Data Model;
4	22-27 January	Relational Algebra:-Selection and Projection, Set Operation, Join and Division; Relational Calculus: Tuple Relational Calculus and Domain Relational Calculus;
5	29-3 February	Functional Dependencies and Normalization Purpose, Data Redundancy, Update Anomalies;
6	5-10 February	Partial/Fully Functional Dependencies, Transitive Functional Dependencies;
7	12-17 February	Functional Dependencies, Decomposition and Normal Forms (1NF, 2NF, 3NF & BCNF);
8	19-24 February	Revision and Practice;
9	26-2 March	SQL: Data Definition and data types, Create Table; insert Data, Viewing Data, Filtering Table Data, Sorting data;
10	4-9 March	Creating Table from a Table, Destroy table, Update, View, Delete;
11	11-16 March	Join, Concatenating data from Table Specifying Constraints in SQL;
12	18-23 March	Relations and properties of relation, Basic concept of hierarchal and network data model;
13	1-6 April	Revision and Practice;
14	8-13 April	PL/SQL-Introduction, Advantages of PL/SQL; The Generic PL/SQL Block: PL/SQL Execution Environment;
15	15-20 April	PL/SQL Character Set and Data Types, Declaration and Assignment of Variables; Control Structure in PL/SQL: Conditional Control; Iterative Control, Sequential Control;

16	22-27 April	Cursors, Triggers; Procedure; Packages, Quiz, Revision and Practice;
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